





# Goldeye

#### CL-008 Cool TEC1

- · Camera Link InGaAs camera
- QVGA resolution
- Strong fan cooling
- · No condensation
- Simple setup via GenCP
- 344 fps
- Low noise

#### See the invisible

Short-wave infrared (SWIR) cameras with InGaAs sensor technology

Goldeye CL-008 Cool TEC1 with FPA 320  $\times$  256 | 30  $\mu$ m | InGaAs runs 344.0 frames per second at 0.1 MP resolution.

Goldeye cameras are equipped with InGaAs sensor technology making them sensitive in the short wave infrared spectrum ranging from 900 nm to 1,700 nm. Some models have extended sensitivity in the visible spectrum down to 400 nm or up to 2200 nm. All Goldeye SWIR cameras can be operated at very high frame rates and capture outstanding low-noise images. They are the perfect choice for industrial and scientific applications beyond the visible spectrum. All Goldeye models are available with either a Camera Link or a GigE Vision interface.

Easy software integration with Allied Vision's Vimba Suite and compatibility to the most popular third party image-processing libraries.

AcquireControl adds extensive image analysis functions, such as:

- Pseudo color LUT with several color profiles
- Auto contrast
- Auto brightness
- Analyze multiple regions (rectangular, circle) within the image
- · Real-time statistics and histogram display

The Modular Concept offers various options for lens mount, housing variants, optical filters, case design, and more. See the Customization and OEM Solutions webpage for additional options.



Dark current

Temporal dark noise

Saturation capacity

Dynamic range

| Specifications                     |   |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Interface                          | Camera Link Base  |
| Resolution                         | 320 (H) × 256 (V)   |
| Spectral range                     | 900 nm to 1700 nm   |
| Sensor                             | FPA 320 × 256   30 μm   InGaAs  |
| Sensor type                        | InGaAs  |
| Sensor size                        | No standard size  |
| Pixel size                         | 30 μm × 30 μm   |
| Lens mounts (available)            | C-Mount   |
| Max. frame rate at full resolution | 344 fps   |
| ADC                                | 14 Bit  |
| Image buffer (RAM)                 | 256 MByte   |
| Cooling temperature                | +5 °C (default and calibrated)   -5 °C, +10 °C, +20 °C (uncalibrated)   User configurable |
|                                    |   |

| Output                   |  |
|--------------------------|--|
| Bit depth                | 8-bit to 14-bit  |
| Monochrome pixel formats | Tap Geometry 1X 1Y: Mono8, Mono10, Mono12, Mono14   Tap Geometry 1X2 1Y: Mono8, Mono10, Mono12 |

260 ke<sup>-</sup>/s (at +5 °C FPA temperature)

1.6 ke<sup>-</sup> (Gain0), 210 e<sup>-</sup> (Gain1)

70 dB (Gain0), 60 dB (Gain1)

5.0 Me<sup>-</sup> (Gain0), 170 ke<sup>-</sup> (Gain1)

| General purpose inputs/outputs (GPIOS) |                                |
|--|--------------------------------|
| TTL I/Os                               | LVTTL I/Os: 1 input, 1 output  |
| Opto-isolated I/Os                     | 1 input, 2 outputs             |
| RS232                                  | 115 200 Baud, 8N1 (adjustable) |

| Operating conditions/dimensions |                            |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Operating temperature           | -20 °C to +55 °C (housing) |
| Power requirements (DC)         | 10.8 V to 30.0 V           |

Conoral nurnoso innuts/outnuts/CDIOs



Power consumption 10.5 W (at 12 VDC)

Mass 760 g (with C-Mount adapter)

Body dimensions (L  $\times$  W  $\times$  H in mm) 90  $\times$  80  $\times$  80

## Quantum efficiency





## Features

#### Image control: Auto

- Auto contrast
- Auto exposure

### Image control: Other

- Background correction
- Binning
- DPC (defect pixel correction)
- LUT (look up table)
- Multiple ROIs (regions of interest)
- NUC (non-uniformity correction)

#### Camera control

- Acquisition frame rate
- Event channel
- Firmware update in the field
- I/O and trigger control
- Image chunk data
- Stream hold
- User sets

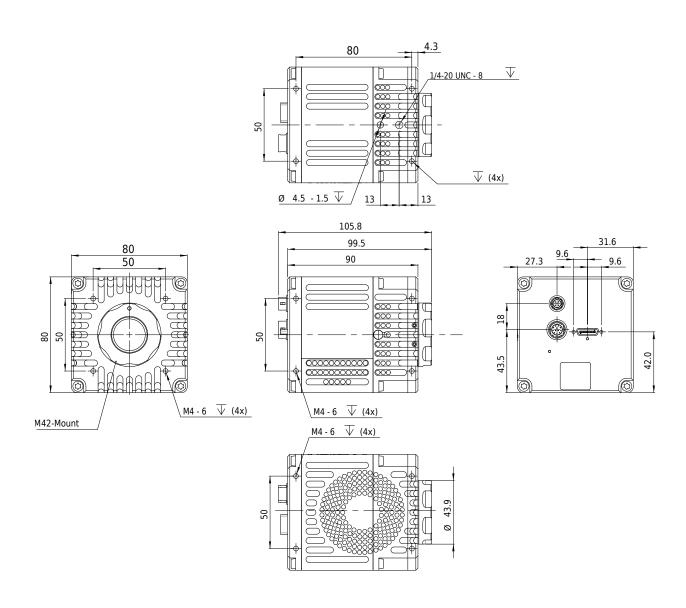
### Sensor temperature control

- Temperature management by TEC
- Temperature status indicator



# Technical drawing





# Applications



Goldeye cameras are very sensitive in the SWIR spectrum. They can be used in an extended operating temperature range. Thanks to temperature stabilization and integrated image correction, Goldeye cameras achieve an outstanding image quality with little noise and a high dynamic range. They are well-suited for many typical SWIR applications in various industry branches:

- Semiconductor industry: solar cell and chip inspection
- Laser beam profiling and analysis
- Recycling industry: plastics sorting
- Medical imaging, sciences: hyper- and multi-spectral imaging, microscopy, optical coherence tomography (OCT)
- Metal and glass industry: thermal imaging of hot objects (250 °C to 800 °C)
- Agriculture industry: airborne remote sensing
- Printing industry: banknote inspection
- Electronics industry: laser beam profiling
- Surveillance and security: vision enhancement (for example, seeing through fog)

**White Paper** To learn more about typical application fields for SWIR cameras, download our White Paper: Seeing beyond the visible – short-wave infrared (SWIR) cameras offer new application fields in machine vision