





Goldeye

CL-030 VSWIR TEC1

- Camera Link InGaAs camera
- VGA resolution
- · Compact industrial design
- No fan
- Simple setup by GenCP
- Visible and SWIR sensitivity
- Fast frame rates: 234 fps

See the invisible

Short-wave infrared (SWIR) cameras with InGaAs sensor technology

Goldeye CL-030 VSWIR TEC1 with Sony IMX991 | InGaAs runs 234 frames per second at 0.3 MP resolution.

Goldeye cameras are equipped with InGaAs sensor technology making them sensitive in the short wave infrared spectrum ranging from 900 nm to 1,700 nm. Some models have extended sensitivity in the visible spectrum down to 400 nm or up to 2200 nm. All Goldeye SWIR cameras can be operated at very high frame rates and capture outstanding low-noise images. They are the perfect choice for industrial and scientific applications beyond the visible spectrum. All Goldeye models are available with either a Camera Link or a GigE Vision interface.

Easy software integration with Allied Vision's Vimba Suite and compatibility to the most popular third party image-processing libraries.

AcquireControl adds extensive image analysis functions, such as:

- Pseudo color LUT with several color profiles
- Auto contrast
- Auto brightness
- Analyze multiple regions (rectangular, circle) within the image
- · Real-time statistics and histogram display

The Modular Concept offers various options for lens mount, housing variants, optical filters, case design, and more. See the Customization and OEM Solutions webpage for additional options.



Specificatio	ns

Interface Camera Link Base Resolution $656 (H) \times 520 (V)$

Spectral range 400 nm to 1700 nm

Sensor Sony IMX991 | InGaAs

Sensor type InGaAs

Shutter mode GS (Global shutter)

Sensor size Type 1/4 VSWIR

Pixel size $5 \mu \text{m} \times 5 \mu \text{m}$

Lens mount (default) C-Mount

Max. frame rate at full resolution 234 fps

ADC 12 Bit

Image buffer (RAM) 256 MByte

Cooling temperature +20 °C (default and calibrated) | +5 °C, +35 °C, +50 °C

(uncalibrated) | User configurable

Dark current 4.8 ke⁻/s (at +20 °C FPA temperature)

Temporal dark noise 250 e⁻ (Gain0), 210 e⁻ (Gain1)

Saturation capacity 165 ke⁻ (Gain0), 17.2 ke⁻ (Gain1)

Dynamic range 56.4 dB (Gain0), 38.2 dB (Gain1)

Output

Bit depth 8-bit to 12-bit

Monochrome pixel formats

Tap Geometry 1X 1Y: Mono8, Mono12 | Tap Geometry 1X2

1Y: Mono8, Mono12

General purpose inputs/outputs (GPIOs)

TTL I/Os 1 input, 1 output

Opto-isolated I/Os 1 input, 2 outputs

RS232 115 200 Baud, 8N1 (adjustable)

Operating conditions/dimensions

Operating temperature -20 °C to +55 °C (housing)



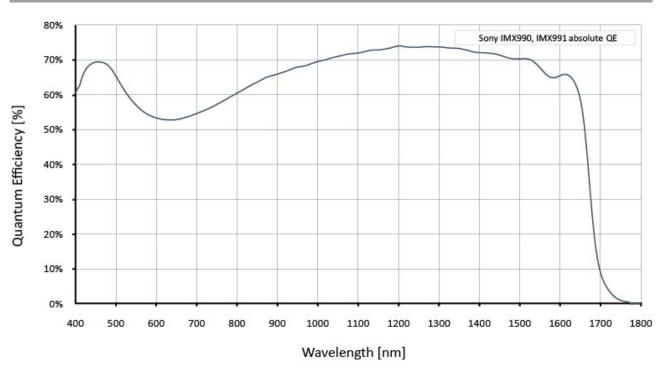
Power requirements (DC) 10.8 V to 30.0 V

Power consumption Maximum: 11.8 W (at 12 VDC)

Mass 330 g

Body dimensions (L \times W \times H in mm) 78 \times 55 \times 55

Quantum efficiency





Features

Image control: Auto

- Auto contrast
- Auto exposure

Image control: Other

- Background correction
- Binning
- Black level
- Decimation
- DPC (defect pixel correction)
- LUT (look up table)
- Multiple ROIs (regions of interest)
- NUC (non-uniformity correction)
- Ultra short exposure mode

Camera control

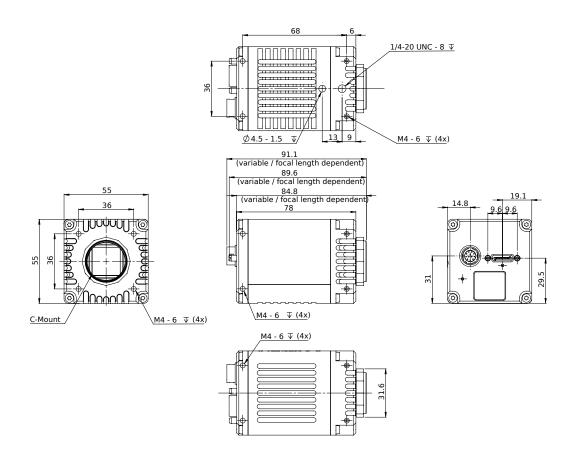
- Acquisition frame rate
- Event channel
- Firmware update in the field
- I/O and trigger control
- · Image chunk data
- Stream hold
- User sets

Sensor temperature control

- Temperature management by TEC
- Temperature status indicator



Technical drawing





Applications

Goldeye cameras are very sensitive in the SWIR spectrum. They can be used in an extended operating temperature range. Thanks to temperature stabilization and integrated image correction, Goldeye cameras achieve an outstanding image quality with little noise and a high dynamic range. They are well-suited for many typical SWIR applications in various industry branches:

- Semiconductor industry: Solar cell and chip inspection
- · Recycling industry: Plastics sorting
- Medical imaging, sciences: Hyper- and multi-spectral imaging, microscopy, optical coherence tomography (OCT)
- Metal and glass industry: Thermal imaging of hot objects (250 °C to 800 °C)
- Agriculture industry: Airborne remote sensing
- Printing industry: Banknote inspection
- Electronics industry: Laser beam profiling
- Surveillance and security: Vision enhancement (for example, seeing through fog)

White Paper To learn more about typical application fields for SWIR cameras, download our White Paper: Seeing beyond the visible – short-wave infrared (SWIR) cameras offer new application fields in machine vision