





Goldeye

G-033 SWIR TEC1

- GigE Vision InGaAs camera
- VGA resolution
- · Power over Ethernet
- Compact industrial design
- No fan
- Fast frame rates: 301 fps

See the invisible

Short-wave infrared (SWIR) cameras with InGaAs sensor technology

Goldeye G-033 SWIR TEC1 with FPA 640 \times 512 | 15 μm | InGaAs runs 301 frames per second at 0.3 MP resolution.

Goldeye cameras are equipped with InGaAs sensor technology making them sensitive in the short wave infrared spectrum ranging from 900 nm to 1,700 nm. Some models have extended sensitivity in the visible spectrum down to 400 nm or up to 2200 nm. All Goldeye SWIR cameras can be operated at very high frame rates and capture outstanding low-noise images. They are the perfect choice for industrial and scientific applications beyond the visible spectrum. All Goldeye models are available with either a Camera Link or a GigE Vision interface.

Easy software integration with Allied Vision's Vimba Suite and compatibility to the most popular third party image-processing libraries.

AcquireControl adds extensive image analysis functions, such as:

- Pseudo color LUT with several color profiles
- Auto contrast
- Auto brightness
- Analyze multiple regions (rectangular, circle) within the image
- Real-time statistics and histogram display

The Modular Concept offers various options for lens mount, housing variants, optical filters, case design, and more. See the Customization and OEM Solutions webpage for additional options.



Specification	\cap \subset

Interface IEEE 802.3 1000BASE-T, IEEE 802.3af (PoE)

Resolution 640 (H) × 512 (V)

Spectral range 900 nm to 1700 nm

Sensor FPA 640 × 512 | 15 μm | InGaAs

Sensor type InGaAs

Sensor size No standard size

Pixel size $15 \,\mu\text{m} \times 15 \,\mu\text{m}$

Lens mounts (available) C-Mount

Max. frame rate at full resolution 301 fps

ADC 14 Bit

Image buffer (RAM) 256 MByte

Cooling temperature +20 °C (default and calibrated) | +5 °C, +35 °C, +50 °C

(uncalibrated) | User configurable

Dark current 110 ke⁻/s (at +20 °C FPA temperature)

Temporal dark noise 390 e (Gain0), 53 e (Gain1), 32 e (Gain2)

Saturation capacity 1.2 Me⁻ (Gain0), 84.8 ke⁻ (Gain1), 25 ke⁻ (Gain2)

Dynamic range 69 dB (Gain0), 64 dB (Gain1), 59 dB (Gain2)

Output

Bit depth 8-bit to 14-bit

Monochrome pixel formats Mono8, Mono12, Mono12Packed, Mono14

General purpose inputs/outputs (GPIOs)

TTL I/Os LVTTL I/Os: 1 input, 1 output

Opto-isolated I/Os 1 Input, 2 Outputs

RS232 115 200 Baud, 8N1 (adjustable)

Operating conditions/dimensions

Operating temperature -20 °C to +55 °C (housing)

Power requirements (DC) 10.8 V DC to 30.0 V or via PoE



Power consumption 10.8 W (at 12 VDC), <12.95 W (PoE)

Mass 370 g (with C-Mount adapter)

Body dimensions (L \times W \times H in mm) $78 \times 55 \times 55$

Quantum efficiency

Goldeye G/CL-033 Absolute QE Quantum Efficiency [%] Wavelength [nm]



Features

Image control: Auto

- Auto contrast
- Auto exposure

Image control: Other

- Background correction
- Binning
- DPC (defect pixel correction)
- LUT (look up table)
- NUC (non-uniformity correction)
- ROI (region of interest)

Camera control

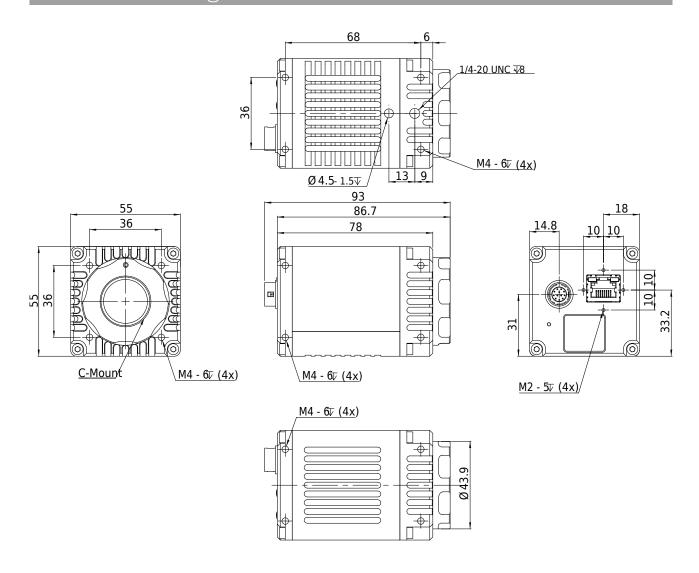
- Acquisition frame rate
- Bandwidth control
- Event channel
- Firmware update in the field
- I/O and trigger control
- Image chunk data
- Stream hold
- User sets

Sensor temperature control

- Temperature management by TEC
- Temperature status indicator



Technical drawing





Applications

Goldeye cameras are very sensitive in the SWIR spectrum. They can be used in an extended operating temperature range. Thanks to temperature stabilization and integrated image correction, Goldeye cameras achieve an outstanding image quality with little noise and a high dynamic range. They are well-suited for many typical SWIR applications in various industry branches:

- Semiconductor industry: Solar cell and chip inspection
- · Recycling industry: Plastics sorting
- Medical imaging, sciences: Hyper- and multi-spectral imaging, microscopy, optical coherence tomography (OCT)
- Metal and glass industry: Thermal imaging of hot objects (250 °C to 800 °C)
- Agriculture industry: Airborne remote sensing
- Printing industry: Banknote inspection
- Electronics industry: Laser beam profiling
- Surveillance and security: Vision enhancement (for example, seeing through fog)

White Paper To learn more about typical application fields for SWIR cameras, download our White Paper: Seeing beyond the visible – short-wave infrared (SWIR) cameras offer new application fields in machine vision